

XAllowDeviceEvents – release queued events

XAllowDeviceEvents(*display*, *device*, *event_mode*, *time*)

Display **display*;

XDevice **device*;

int *event_mode*;

Time *time*;

display Specifies the connection to the X server. *device* Specifies the device from which events are to be allowed. *event_mode* Specifies the event mode. You can pass *AsyncThisDevice*, *SyncThisDevice*, *ReplayThisDevice*, *AsyncOtherDevices*, *SyncAll*, or *AsyncAll*. *time* Specifies the time. You can pass either a timestamp or *CurrentTime*.

The *XAllowDeviceEvents* function releases some queued events if the client has caused a device to freeze. It has no effect if the specified time is earlier than the last-grab time of the most recent active grab for the client and device, or if the specified time is later than the current X server time.

The following describes the processing that occurs depending on what constant you pass to the *event_mode* argument. *AsyncThisDevice* If the specified device is frozen by the client, event processing for that device continues as usual. If the device is frozen multiple times by the client on behalf of multiple separate grabs, *AsyncThisDevice* thaws for all. *AsyncThisDevice* has no effect if the specified device is not frozen by the client, but the device need not be grabbed by the client. *SyncThisDevice* If the specified device is frozen and actively grabbed by the client, event processing for that device continues normally until the next key or button event is reported to the client. At this time, the specified device again appears to freeze. However, if the reported event causes the grab to be released, the specified device does not freeze. *SyncThisDevice* has no effect if the specified device is not frozen by the client or is not grabbed by the client. *ReplayThisDevice* If the specified device is actively grabbed by the client and is frozen as the result of an event having been sent to the client (either from the activation of a *GrabDeviceButton* or from a previous *AllowDeviceEvents* with mode *SyncThisDevice*, but not from a *GrabDevice*), the grab is released and that event is completely reprocessed. This time, however, the request ignores any passive grabs at or above (toward the root) that the grab-window of the grab just released. The request has no effect if the specified device is not grabbed by the client or if it is not frozen as the result of an event. *AsyncOtherDevices* If the remaining devices are frozen by the client, event processing for them continues as usual. If the other devices are frozen multiple times by the client on behalf of multiple grabs, *AsyncOtherDevices* "thaws" for all. *AsyncOtherDevices* has no effect if the devices are not frozen by the client. *SyncAll* If all devices are frozen by the client, event processing (for all devices) continues normally until the next button or key event is reported to the client for a grabbed device, at which time all devices again appear to freeze. However, if the reported event causes the grab to be released, then the devices do not freeze. If any device is still grabbed, then a subsequent event for it will still cause all devices to freeze. *SyncAll* has no effect unless all devices are frozen by the client. If any device is frozen twice by the client on behalf of two separate grabs, *SyncAll* thaws for both. A subsequent freeze for *SyncAll* will only freeze each device once. *AsyncAll* If all devices are frozen by the client, event processing for all devices continues normally. If any device is frozen multiple times by the client on behalf of multiple separate grabs, *AsyncAll* thaws for all. *AsyncAll* has no effect unless all devices are frozen by the client.

AsyncThisDevice, *SyncThisDevice*, and *ReplayThisDevice* have no effect on the processing of events from the remaining devices. *AsyncOtherDevices* has no effect on the processing of events from the specified device. When the *event_mode* is *SyncAll* or *AsyncAll*, the device parameter is ignored.

It is possible for several grabs of different devices by the same or different clients to be active simultaneously. If a device is frozen on behalf of any grab, no event processing is performed for the device. It is possible for a single device to be frozen because of several grabs. In this case, the freeze must be released on behalf of each grab before events can again be processed.

XAllowDeviceEvents can generate a *BadDevice* or *BadValue* error.

BadDevice An invalid device was specified. The specified device does not exist or has not been opened by this client via *XOpenInputDevice*. This error may also occur if the specified device is the X keyboard or X pointer device. ***BadValue*** An invalid mode was specified on the request.

XGrabDevice(3X11)
Programming With Xlib